

Paper Recycling

Many different kinds of paper can be recycled, including:

White Office Paper

Newspapers

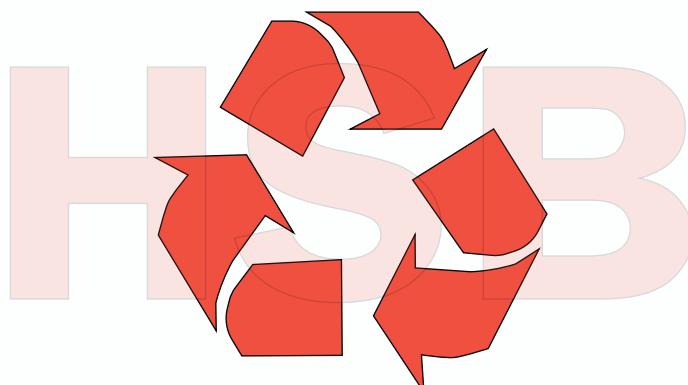
Magazines

Phone Books

Catalogs



RECYCLABLE



PAPER

Types of paper that are not recyclable are coated and treated paper, paper with food waste, juice and cereal boxes, paper cups, paper towels, and paper or magazine laminated with plastic.



Paper Recycling Preparation

- 1) **Separate your paper products?** It all starts at home by sorting paper waste, such as old newspapers and paperboard boxes, from other recyclables and garbage. We recommend using a designated paper bin or bag for the collection of your paper waste. Keep paper that you recycle as clean as possible by collecting it in separate bins from all the other recyclable materials. This is the best way to ensure that the wastepaper can be recycled properly.
- 2) **Paper Waste Categories.** Most household recyclable product fall into two categories, household paper and confidential paper waste.
- 3) **Household paper waste.** A mix of paper waste containing old newspapers, printer paper, magazines, junk mail, and paperboard packaging.
- 4) **Confidential paper waste.** Printed documents with sensitive information on it, such as personal data. Most of these documents end up in a paper shredder. This shredded wastepaper is an important resource for the tissue industry. Be sure to remove any clear plastic windows from the envelopes before shredding.
- 5) Place your paper products in a trash bag for transport to the HSB Recycle Center.
- 6) Attach the Paper Product sticker to the outside of the bag if available.

Why recycle paper products?

Recycled paper reduces the paper industry's impact on the planet. It saves 100% of the trees, over 30% of the energy, over 50% of the water.

What can be recycled?

Office and printing paper, newspapers and advertising inserts, mail and envelopes, magazines and catalogs, plus an array of cereal and other dry food boxes, frozen food packaging, shoe and tissue boxes, non-greasy pizza boxes, paper towel and toilet paper rolls, soap and laundry detergent boxes, cosmetic packaging, corrugated cardboard, paper bags, and more.

Why it wants to be recycled?

Every ton of paper recycled saves 3.3 cubic yards of landfill space. Approximately 75% of U.S. paper mills use some recovered fiber to make everything from paper-based packaging and tissue to office paper and newspaper. Based on weight measurements, paper is recycled nearly three times as often as it is sent to landfills, making paper the most recycled material in the municipal solid waste stream.

With a recycling rate of over 60%, many paper products have recycled content — here are just a few examples: Newspaper is usually made into more newsprint, with the remainder used for paperboard, tissue, and construction paperboard. Recycled office paper becomes raw material for tissue, printing and writing papers, and paperboard.

Paper recycling facts.

The average household throws away 13,000 separate pieces of paper each year. Most is packaging and junk mail.

Approximately 1 billion trees worth of paper are thrown away every year in the U.S. If every American recycled just one-tenth of their newspapers, we would save about 25,000,000 trees a year.

Paper Products that are not recyclable: Coated and treated paper, paper containing food waste, such as pizza boxes paper plates, paper cups, towels napkins and tissue paper, laminated paper, wax paper and foil coated paper. Paper that is soiled or contaminated.